On Feb. 20, 1957 the Board had announced that commencing with the 1957-58 crop year cultivated grasses and legumes grown as forage crops would be included in the specified acreage total for general quota delivery purposes. Therefore, effective Aug. 1, 1957, the "specified acreage" for delivery purposes consisted of each permit holder's acreage seeded to wheat (other than Durum), oats, barley and rye as well as summerfallow and eligible acreage seeded to cultivated grasses and forage crops. The final quota summary for the 2.071 shipping points in the Western Division showed that at July 31, 1958 a total of 1,718 points were on a quota of 7 bu. per specified acre, 321 were on a 6-bu. quota, while 32 stations were reported as "closed". Two supplementary delivery quotas on Durum wheat were authorized during the crop year, with the second authorization of 3 bu. effective June 2, raising the total delivery quota on Durum wheat to 11 bu. per seeded acre, with a minimum delivery of 400 bu. During the crop year a number of supplementary delivery quotas were issued on barley, rye and flaxseed, with the flaxseed quota, based on seeded acreage, being declared open as at Nov. 7, 1957. The amount of grain marketed under these special authorizations was, of course, in addition to the quantities of oats, barley and rve which producers chose to deliver under the initial and general quota policies.

Total marketings of the five major grains in Western Canada during 1957-58 amounted to 576,000,000 bu., representing a decrease of 2 p.c. from the comparable 1956-57 total of 585,400,000 bu. but 1 p.c. greater than the ten-year (1946-47—1955-56) average of 571,100,000 bu. Combined exports of the same grains, including wheat flour, rolled oats and oatmeal, malt and pot and pearl barley in grain equivalent, amounted to 445,900,000 bu., 14 p.c. greater than the 1956-57 comparable total of 391,600,000 bu. and 20 p.c. more than the 1946-47—1955-56 average of 371,300,000 bu. Carryover stocks of the five principal grains in all positions at July 31, 1958 were estimated at 928,200,000 bu., 17 p.c. less than the 1957 figure of 1,124,300,000 bu. but almost double the ten-year average of 465,000,000 bu.

22.—Supply and Disposition of Canadian Grain, Crop Years Ended July 31, 1957 and 1958 (Millions of bushels)

Item	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Rye	Flaxseed
Crop Year 1956-57					
Carryover, Aug. 1, 1956	579.6 573.0 0.1	119.1 524.5 2	110.9 269.1	15.7 8.4 2	3.0 35.0 2
Totals, Supply	1,152.8	643.6	380.0	24.2	38.0
Exporte ⁸ Domestic use ⁴	264.4r 154.8r	18.7 398.7	81.5 155.7	5.4 4.6	21.6 8.8
Totals, Disposition	419.2	417.4	237.2	10.0	30.4
Crop Year 1957-58					
Carryover, Aug. 1, 1957	733.5 385.5 2	226,2 380,6	142.8 216.0 0.1	14.2 8.5	7.6 19.2
Totals, Supply	1,119.1	606.8	358.8	22.7	26.8
Exporte ³ Domestic use ⁴	320.3 159.3	26.2 425.7	80.3 160.4	5.4 7.2	13.7 7.5
Totals, Disposition	479.6	451.9	240.7	12.6	21.1
Carryover, July 31, 1958	639.5	154.9	118.2	10.1	5.7

¹ Import data for wheat, oats, barley and rye, respectively, include flour in terms of wheat, rolled oats and oatmeal in terms of oats, malt and pot and pear barley in terms of barley and rye flour in terms of rye.

² Less than 50,000 bu.

³ Export data for wheat, oats and barley, respectively, include bagged seed wheat, wheat flour in terms of wheat, rolled oats and oatmeal in terms of oats and malt and pot and pearl barley in terms of barley.

⁴ Includes human food, seed requirements, industrial use, loss in handling and animal feed.